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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/878,107	06/08/2001	Kouji Shirai	P/2041-62	2375
7590 07/29/2005			EXAMINER	
STEVEN I. WEISBURD			DAO, MINH D	
DICKSTEIN, S	HAPIRO, MORIN & OS	HINSKY, LLP		
1177 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
41ST FLOOR			2682	
NEW YORK, NY 10036-2714			DATE MAILED: 07/29/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	_
09/878,107	SHIRAI, KOUJI	
Examiner	Art Unit	
MINH D. DAO	2682	

--The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 14 July 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: The period for reply expires <u>03</u> months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on _____. A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). **AMENDMENTS** 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below): (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: . (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) _____ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 7. Tor purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: _____. AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 9. \Box The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1). 10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: see attached.. 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 13. Other: ____.

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Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 07/14/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the combination of Hutchison, Hoffman and Lizuka fails to disclose creating a backup patch in the volatile memory by copying the patch already loaded in the volatile memory as recited in the claim. The examiner, however, disagrees. One must consider the applied references as a whole under 35 USC 103. In this case, the combination of Hutchison and Hoffman discloses loading a patch into a volatile memory. Lizuka discloses the teaching of creating a backup patch by copying a patch already loaded in a volatile memory (see column 1 line 62 to column 2 line 11). Since there is only one RAM 114 utilized in the combination of Hutchison and Hoffman, it is clear that as the above teaching of Lizuka is provided to Hutchison and Hoffman, a backup patch would also be created in the volatile memory 114 by copying the patch already loaded in the volatile memory 114. Therefore, the combination of Hutchison, Hoffman and Lizuka does disclose creating a backup patch in the volatile memory by copying the patch already loaded in the voladed in the volatile memory as recited in the claim.

2. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in

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the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, the motivations to combine the cited references were found in the references themselves as stated in final rejection (see Hoffman col. 6, lines 63-65; and Lizuka col. 1, line 62 to col. 2 line 11)

Regarding the remarks on pages 4 and 5, Applicant admits that lizuka teaches transferring software data from a RAM to a ROM, and argues that lizuka teaches away from the cited portion by stating that lizuka teaches directly transferring the data from the external RAM to the internal ROM bypassing the internal RAM; and no patch is to be stored to the internal RAM; and therefore the combination of Hutchison, Hoffman, and lizuka would not render the obviousness to reject independent claims 3, 8, and 9, Examiner would like to remind the Applicant that Examiner only relies on lizuka for the teaching of transferring or copying data software from a RAM to a ROM for fixing a portion of the ROM regardless of where the ROM and RAM located. In addition, examiner also relies on Hoffman for the teaching of loading a patch into the volatile memory intended to be substituted for a portion of the main program that contains a bug. Therefore, Hutchison, Hoffman, and lizuka once combined teaches the limitations of independent claims 3, 8, and 9.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MINH D. DAO whose telephone number is 571-272-7851. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, NICK CORSARO can be reached on 571-272-7876. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Minh Dao Art Unit 2682 July 24, 2005